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Is it possible to measure accurately the child's fitness to scuba-diving?

Panchard Marc-Alain, CMAS **, 1980 Pédiatre FMH Vevey, Switzerland map@swissonline.ch

What do we recommend? (1)

F999 - CMA9 CH

Age	Baptême	Dauphin 1-2	Dauphin 3
8-9 ans	2 m	5 m	
9-10 ans	2 m	5 m	
10-12 ans	3 m	5 m	5 m
12-14 ans	3 m	5 m	10 m

<u>Special considerations:</u> no night dive, no dive if water temperature < 12°C, adequate material, nutriments and water, and access.

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What do we recommend? (2)

SUHMS

Entre 8 et 14 ans, la plongée avec scaphandre n'est pas indiquée

Recommander auparavant l'apprentissage de la nage avec palmes et l'apnée.

Une évaluation individuelle est indispensable.

Un conseil très prudent aux parents est recommandé.

Wendling J et col, Aptitude à la plongée, Manuel, SSMSH editions, 1996

What do clubs do?

55555

They train kids

What do we have to do?

Children do divel

We have to:

- Give evidence-based recommendations
- Assess children's fitness-to-dive
- Guide the clubs in their practices to help them warrant the children's total security in a non-vital, leisure activity

What do we know?

- About child's physiology Many things
- About diving's physiology Many things
- About children's diving physiology
 Almost nothing

OHUPCE

What are the concerns?

■Physical:

Usually solvable! (In reasonable limits!)

■Psychological:
Hardly solvable

aur.

Physical and physiological concerns (1)

Child's specificity	<u>Adaptation</u>
■ High dead space	Material
■ High resp resistances	Ascent rate
$V_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ near closing volume	
■ PFO	Depth, ascent rate
	Security stop
■ Cold sensitivity	Material, length, H ₂ O T ^o
■ ORL	Slow descent
■ Growing skeleton	Material
	CHAPTO

Physical and physiological concerns (2)

<u>Child's specificity</u> ■ Growth plates Adaptation Depth, ascent rate

Security stop

■ Narrow pelvis Material

■ Different body Thermal insulation,

composition drinks

■ Saturation/desaturation Depth, length, ascent unclear rate, security stop

anava

Developpmental and psychological

■ Length conservation: 7 years*
 ■ Weight conservation: 9 years*
 ■ Speed conservation: 12 years*
 ■ Formal, operative thinking: 12 years**
 ■ Mutual deference: 7 - 12 years*

■ Death is universal, personal

and forever: 10 -12 years***
■ Primal fears remnants: 5 - 7 years,

*J. Plaget: Le développement mental de l'enfant

**J. Plaget: Psychologie de l'intelligence

***P. Castro: La mort pour de vrai et la mort pour de faux

longer if disturbances

Developmental and psychological

- We cannot hasten the children's development
- In this field, we cannot adapt a child to his environment
- We can, in some aspects, <u>adapt the</u> <u>environment to the child</u>

Conclusion 1

Under the age of 12, the developmental and psychological status of children make them highly at risk for inadequate and lifethreatening underwater reactions.

Special settings can limit the risks but not *eliminate* it.

Diving is a leisure activity. Objective must be zero risk.

OHAPCO

Conclusion 2

Child's fitness-to-dive assessment must include a thorough psychological assessment.

- Skills needed (?): paediatric knowledge
 - diving medicine knowledge
 - family history knowledge
 - knowledge of motivation
 - knowledge of this child's global psychomotor development

Conclusion 2a

Child's fitness-to-dive assessment must include a thorough psychological assessment.

And a thorough knowledge of the settings the child will be trained in.

Conclusion 3

We must intimately take part to children's diving activities.

We have to: - make the instructors aware of the children's development

- follow up the diving children
- get knowledge of the settings the children will evolve in
- help the instructors adapt these settings

Conclusion 4

We need long term prospective follow-up studies of diving children.

New therapies development Phase II

Phase I

Phase III

Phase IV

Children's scuba divina

Conclusion 4a

We need long term prospective follow-up studies of diving children. Better evidence level needed.

Level 1: positive PRCT (prospective, randomized, controlled trial). Level 2: neutral PRCT.

Level 8: Rational conjectures, common sense

Level 3: Prospective, non random Aim Level 4: Retrospective, non random Yes Level 5: Cases series Yes Level 6: Animal studies Few Level 7: Extrapolations Many

Many

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In summary

Question: Is it possible to measure accurately the child's fitness to scubadiving?

<u>Answer:</u>

- not possible

- maybe never possible (psychology always fuzzy) - we can and must assure

children's safety

Thank you!